

**Math 724, Fall 2013**  
**Take-Home Test #2**

**Instructions:** Write up your solutions using LaTeX. You may use books and notes, but you are not allowed to collaborate — you may not consult any human other than the instructor. Solutions are due at the start of class on **Friday, November 15**.

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**Problem #1** Let  $n > 0$  be an integer.

(#1a) [10 pts] How many labeled trees  $T$  on vertex set  $[n]$  have the property that the degree of every vertex is either 1 or 3? Your answer should be a function of  $n$  expressed without summation notation.

(#1b) [10 pts] Let  $k$  be an integer with  $0 \leq k \leq n$ . How many labeled trees on vertex set  $[n]$  have the property that vertices  $1, 2, 3, \dots, k$  are all leaves (i.e., each shares an edge with exactly one other vertex)? (The tree can have other leaves as well.) Your answer should be a function of  $n$  and  $k$  expressed without summation notation.

**Problem #2** [20 pts] Let  $S(k, n)$  denote Stirling numbers of the second kind. Give a combinatorial proof that

$$S(k, n) = \sum_i \binom{k-1}{i-1} S(k-i, n-1)$$

for all positive integers  $k, n$ . (By “combinatorial,” I mean “explain why both sides of the equation count the same set of objects” — do not give a purely algebraic proof using, say, induction.)

**Problem #3** Give combinatorial interpretations for the following numbers. (In other words, describe what they count.)

(#3a) [10 pts] The coefficient of  $x^k$  in the infinite product

$$\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 + x^n + x^{2n} + \dots + x^{n^2}).$$

(#3b) [10 pts] The coefficient of  $q^\ell x^k$  in the infinite product

$$\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1 - qx^n}.$$

**Problem #4** [20 pts] Let  $p, q$  be positive integers and let  $C(p, q)$  denote the set of weak compositions of  $p$  with  $q$  parts. Give an explicit bijection  $C(p, q) \rightarrow C(q-1, p+1)$ .

**Problem #5** [20 pts] Recall that 1 Galleon is worth 17 Sickles and 1 Sickle is worth 29 Knuts. Suppose that the Ministry introduces a 3-Sickle and a 6-Knut piece (known respectively as a Trickle and a Hexknut). With the new coinage, how many ways are there of making change for a Galleon? (If you are not an expert at Arithmancy, I recommend that you use Sage or another computer algebra system to do the calculation.)