Math 141 Homework #4 Due Tuesday, 9/11/07 Extra Problems

#1. Let f(x) = p(x)/q(x) be a rational function, where p(x) and q(x) are polynomials. When does f(x) have a diagonal asymptote? If indeed it does have a diagonal asymptote, how can you find its equation from the formula for f(x)?

Evaluate the following limits. You can use a table of values to estimate them if you want to, but your final answer should use precise tools such as the Limit Laws (see §2.3), continuity, and the Squeeze Theorem.

$$#2. \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x}{x + x^2}$$
$$#3. \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin^2(3x)}{x^2 \cos x}$$
$$#4. \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x - \tan x}{\sin x}$$
$$#5. \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\cos \theta - 1}{\sin^2 \theta}$$

*Hint for #5:* In the following picture, compare the length of the arc BC and the lengths of the line segments BC and AC. Then apply the Squeeze Theorem.

